Course Information
Course Title: History of World Art II
Course prefix and number: ARTH 1306-001
Course meeting location: Quinn Hall 212
Course meeting times: MW 1:30-2:50 pm


Available as a digital rental (ebook) at: www.cengagebrain.com and www.vitalsource.com. Available to rent/purchase at the UTEP Student Bookstore in paperback format

Required Course Materials: A spiral bound notebook or recording device. Tablets and laptops are not to be used during lectures.

Instructor Contact Information
Instructor’s name: Anne Perry
Instructor’s office #: FFA 354
Instructor’s office hours: Mondays and Wednesdays 11:30-1:00
Instructor’s phone #: 747-8744 (during office hours)

Instructor’s Email: aperry@utep.edu

Instructor Introduction
Professor Perry has a long-standing passion for the visual arts. She studied art history at the University of New Mexico, where she received her M. A. in Pre-Columbian art. She has taught a variety of art history courses and Art Appreciation at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln and here at UTEP. She and her husband and daughter have lived in El Paso for many years.

Course Description
This survey lecture course, as a continuation of ARTH 1305, is designed to expose the student to major works of art in several parts of the world over a broad span of history from c. 1300 to the present. Our interests will turn to the artist, the creator of the work; style, the characteristics of a work peculiar to its time, culture, place, and creator; technique, or how the work was made; as well as iconography, or the study of meaning, symbolism and messages carried in a work of art. We will look at the visual arts - painting, sculpture, and architecture - in many different contexts: religious, political, economical, and social. The course demonstrates how the production of art and architecture in linked to climate and geography (the natural world) and governmental, religious, and philosophical systems (the social and cultural world). There are no prerequisites for enrollment, nor does the student need prior experience in an art history course to perform well in this class. Attendance at all class meetings, taking thorough lecture notes, and rigorous preparation for quizzes and exams are key strategies for success in this course.
**Course Format**

Course material will be presented in a lecture format, utilizing visual support in the form of digitized images. This is a technology-enhanced course: students will utilize the online environment, Blackboard, to access study sheets and the museum paper assignment, to review works for exams, and view announcements and other communications from the instructor.

**Course Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course students will be able to:

1. Use artistic terminology and concepts as they apply to works of art
2. Identify and evaluate the role of the artist and art within societal and historical contexts
3. Categorically distinguish works of art within a historical or stylistic framework
4. Describe, analyze, and compare works of art in a written assignment
5. Employ enhanced communication and teamwork skills

**Course Requirements**

**Exams (60% of course grade)**

There will be three objective-type exams given in this course. All exams will include questions that require the student to refer to an image or pair of images, as well as questions that do not refer to slides. Tests may include slide identifications, multiple choice, true/false, fill in blanks or matching type questions that aim to assess each student’s knowledge of lecture and textbook content. Dates for these exams appear in the following course calendar. Any changes for the first two exams will be announced in class. The third (final) exam for this course will be given during final exam week, on Wednesday, May 10th. Everyone will take the third exam that day. **NO EXCEPTIONS.** Each exam is worth 20% of your final grade.

**Quizzes (20% of course grade)**

Three quizzes will assess student engagement and comprehension of lecture material and provide feedback that will help students gauge their strengths and weaknesses before they take each exam. All quizzes require the student to identify artworks (artist’s last name, title of work, style era) and answer questions based upon lecture content. The dates of these quizzes appear in the course calendar; do not schedule appointments or other activities on these days.

**MUSEUM PAPER (20% of course grade)**

A museum paper will constitute the major writing assignment of this course. The museum paper assignment consists of two parts:

1) Groups of 3-5 students will collaboratively engage an assigned work of art in the El Paso Museum of Art. They will collectively assess an original painting on the basis of several assigned criteria, including style and content.

2) Then each student will independently write a 5-page interpretive paper in which they describe and analyze the same piece using relevant artistic vocabulary and comparison of art forms. **The student is expected to write the paper in their own words,** while utilizing the critical findings of their team, as well as information provided in lectures and the textbook.

The museum paper is not intended as a research assignment. Students may only reference class notes, the textbook and the label next to the painting with appropriate citations. No internet sources will be accepted other than the museum website. The object of this assignment is to develop analytical, critical and writing skills while enhancing competence in the areas of communication and teamwork. You will receive a subsequent handout on the assignment in the coming weeks. The paper is due in class on Wednesday, April 7th.
**Blackboard**

Blackboard is an online environment where you will access study sheets and the syllabus, review images for exams, receive messages from your instructor, and view announcements. To access Blackboard: Go to https://my.utep.edu and log in.

Your login is your e-mail id and your password is your e-mail password. If you do not have an id and password, call the Helpdesk at 747-5257. You MUST have a UTEP email ID to access Blackboard. Once you are in the My.Utep space, you can find the link to Blackboard near the top of the webpage. Click on the BLACKBOARD link. All of your courses will appear on the Blackboard homepage. Click on ours to enter. Use the menu to access your syllabus, content (image reviews, exam study sheets), etc. To locate computer labs on campus check at: http://admin.utep.edu/default.aspx?tabid=58049

**Grading Standards and Criteria**

Evaluation of student performance for this course is done in the following manner: all grades are calculated using percentages and converted into letter grades according to the following scale:

- 90% & above = A - excellent work
- 80% & below 90% = B - above average work
- 70% & below 80% = C - average work
- 60% & below 70% = D - below average work; not passing
- Below 60% = F - unsatisfactory work; not passing

IMPORTANT NOTE: ARTH 1306 is a core class. Students must earn a final average of at least 70 to pass this class. I do not offer extra credit. See me (bring your lecture notes) during office hours---WELL BEFORE THE SEMESTER ENDS---if your performance on exams/quizzes is below average.

**Course Policies**

**Attendance Policy:** A substantial portion of the material presented in lectures is not duplicated in your text, therefore your presence and full attention is required at every class meeting. Attendance will be taken at my discretion. An attendance sheet will circulate throughout the classroom. Make sure that you sign it.

More than 2 absences will result in the student's final grade being lowered by 5 percentage points. All students are required to attend class on time and to remain in class the entire time. Students who arrive late or leave early or do not appear to be actively engaged in the lecture will be recorded as absent. Students who cannot commit to consistent, punctual and active attendance should take the class at another time.

Information missed during an absence is the sole responsibility of the student. Ask a fellow classmate about the material you missed and borrow their lecture notes.

**Classroom Etiquette:**

Cell phone use, including text messaging, is not allowed in this class. Use of laptops during class time is prohibited. You may record the lectures.

Food and beverages are not allowed in this classroom. Do not bring these items with you to class.
All students are required to take notes during the lecture. Persistent disruptive behavior, including cell phone use, text messaging, eating or drinking, chatting with others during the lecture, as well as arriving late or leaving early, are unacceptable behaviors, and may result in disciplinary action conducted through the Office of Student Conduct and Conflict Resolution.

Exam/Quiz Etiquette:
Students are required to be in their seats during the exam or quiz, with phones and all other devices switched off. Study materials must be placed in backpacks. There will be no talking or communication of any kind between students for any reason. Providing answers for a classmate or seeking help from another student, especially by looking at their exam answers, is cheating. Academic dishonesty hurts all of us, and it will not be tolerated in this class. If you are observed to be cheating on a quiz or exam, you will receive a zero for that assignment and you will be subject to disciplinary action through the Office of Student Life as per UTEP catalog policy. Refer to http://www.utep.edu/dos/acadintg.htm for further information.

Policy for Make-up Exams/Quizzes
Make-up exams/quizzes are only granted when in accordance with the criteria stated below and by arrangement and approval of the instructor. Makeups for the first two exams and quizzes will be given during the instructor's office hours; they may or may not follow the format used for regularly scheduled exams. No makeups will be given for the final exam. No exceptions.

A student making a request for a makeup exam or quiz must meet one of the following criteria:

- Student missed exam/quiz due to his/her serious illness. The makeup request must be accompanied by a doctor's note.
- Student is absent due to a death in the immediate family.

Email Etiquette:
The following are NOT appropriate reasons for communicating with the instructor by email:
- To request extra credit or to negotiate final grade changes
- To find out what you missed during an absence. Phone/email/text a classmate and borrow lecture notes when you return to class.
- To ask which chapters will be covered on exams, exam dates, etc. This information is included in your syllabus and is announced in class.

Incomplete, Withdrawals, Pass/Fail Policies
Incomplete or I grades will be considered for students completing satisfactory or better work and having serious legitimate situations beyond their control requiring additional time to complete the course requirements. All I grades are given at the discretion of the instructor and the approval of the Department chair. Students hold the full responsibility for withdrawing from this course if that procedure is elected. Withdrawals must be completed on or before the final date to drop a course with a W. Students missing this deadline will be issued a grade for their performance in the course. Art 1300 is a grade-based course and is not available for audit or pass/fail options.
Cheating/Plagiarism: Cheating is unethical and not acceptable. Plagiarism is using information or original wording in a paper without giving credit to the source of that information or wording; it is also not acceptable. Do not submit work under your name that you did not do yourself. You may not submit work for this class that you did for another class. If you are found to be cheating or plagiarizing, you will be subject to disciplinary action, per UTEP catalog policy. Refer to http://www.utep.edu/dos/acadintg.htm for further information.

If you have a disability and need classroom accommodations, please contact The Center for Accommodations and Support Services (CASS) at 747-5148, or by email to cass@utep.edu, or visit their office located in UTEP Union East, Room 106. For additional information, please visit the CASS website at www.sa.utep.edu/cass. I cannot provide accommodations for a student if I have not received official notice from CASS documenting the student’s eligibility and requirements. Each student registered with CASS needs to speak with me about their accommodations in the classroom (and testing procedures on examination days) at the beginning of the semester or as soon as they are registered with CASS.

Course Calendar

The instructor reserves the right to change the syllabus at any time.

WEEK 1 (1/16-1/20)
(M/16) NO CLASSES – DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. DAY
(W) Introduction to ARTH 1306; Syllabus Review
   Homework: Purchase Textbook and spiral notebook; Read Introduction & Chapter 14 in text;
   Read syllabus

WEEK 2 (1/23-1/27)
(M) Late Medieval Italian Art: Painting and Sculpture in Italy 1200-1400
(W) Late Medieval Italian Art continued
   Homework: Read Chapter 15 in text

WEEK 3 (1/30-2/3)
(M) Art of 15th-Century Northern Europe
   Homework: Begin Chapter 16 in text; Watch Khan Academy video presentation
   of Sluter’s Well of Moses (access web link in Blackboard Content);
   Visit site: “Closer to Van Eyck: rediscovering the Ghent Altarpiece.”
   (Web link available in Blackboard Content)
(W) Art of 15th-Century Northern Europe continued
   Homework: Continue to read Chapter 16 in text; Study for quiz
WEEK 4 (2/6-2/10)
(M) Early Renaissance Art in Italy, 1400-1500
   Homework: Study for quiz
(W) QUIZ—Late Medieval Italian Art through Early Renaissance sculpture (works 1-19)
   Early Renaissance Art in Italy continued
   Homework: Read Chapter 17 pp. 503-512

WEEK 5 (2/13-2/17) STUDY FOR EXAM 1 THIS WEEK
(M) High Renaissance Art in Italy, 1500-1525: Leonardo and Raphael
   Homework: Read Chapter 17 pp. 513-526
(W) High and Late Renaissance in Italy: Michelangelo
   Homework: Study for Exam 1

WEEK 6 (2/20-2/24)
(M) EXAM 1 for A-L (Late Medieval Italian - High & Late Renaissance to p. 526)
   Homework: Read Chapter 17 pp. 527-537
(W) EXAM 1 for M-Z (Late Medieval Italian - High & Late Renaissance to p. 526)
   Homework: Read Chapter 17 pp. 527-537

WEEK 7 (2/27-3/3)
(M) High and Late Renaissance in Venice
   Homework: Read Chapter 17 pp. 538-553 (focus on pp. 538-543)
(W) Mannerism in Italy
   Homework: Read Chapter 18

WEEK 8 (3/6-3/10)
(M) Art of 16th-Century Northern Europe and Spain
   Homework: Read Chapter 19 to p. 600
(W) Baroque Art of Italy; Formation of collaborative groups for paper assignment
   Homework: Study for quiz

WEEK 9 (3/13-3/17)
NO CLASSES – SPRING BREAK

WEEK 10 (3/20-24)
(M) QUIZ—Venetian Renaissance through 16th-Century Northern Europe & Spain (#1-15)
   Baroque Art of Italy
   Homework: Read Chapter 19 pp. 601-609
(W) Baroque Art of Spain
   Homework: Read Chapter 20 to p. 616

WEEK 11 (3/27-3/31) WORK ON MUSEUM PAPER
(M) Baroque Art of Flanders
   Homework: Read Chapter 20 pp. 616-629; Study for quiz
(W) QUIZ—Baroque Art of Italy, Spain and Flanders (works 16-34)
   Baroque Art of the Dutch Republic
   Homework: Read Chapter 20 pp.630-641
WEEK 12 (4/3-4/7)
(M) Baroque Art of the Dutch Republic continued; Baroque Art of France
Homework: Read Chapter 21 to p. 650; Study for Exam 2

(W/Th) PAPER DUE IN CLASS
Rococo Art
Homework: Study for Exam 2

WEEK 13 (4/10-4/14)
(M) EXAM 2 for M-Z (Venetian Renaissance through French Baroque)
Homework: Read Chapter 21 pp. 651-671

(W) EXAM 2 for A-L (Venetian Renaissance through French Baroque)
Homework: Read Chapter 21 pp. 651-671

WEEK 14 (4/17-4/21)
(M) The "Naturalist" Impulse in 18th-century Art
   Neoclassicism
   Homework: Read Chapter 22 pp. 673-694

(W) Neoclassicism and Romanticism
   Homework: Read Chapter 22 pp. 695-719

WEEK 15 (4/24-4/28)
(M) Realism
   19th-Century Architecture and Photography
   Homework: Read Chapter 23 to p. 741 and pp. 752-759

(W) Impressionism and Post-Impressionism
   Homework: Read Chapter 24 pp. 761-774

WEEK 16 (5/1-5/5) STUDY FOR FINAL EXAM THIS WEEK
(M) Expressionism and Cubism
   Read Chapter 24 (focus on pp. 778-783; 789-792; 801-807)

(W) Futurism; Dada and Surrealism

(F) DEAD DAY - NO CLASSES

FINAL EXAM - Wednesday, 5/10
(Rococo through Surrealism)
A-L @ 4:00 pm
M-Z @ 5:30 pm
Taking very thorough notes on the material presented in lectures is crucial to your successful performance in this course. Record information that I provide about each work that you are responsible for (keep your list of required works handy during each and every lecture). Get the name of the artwork, the artist’s name, and the style period, and perhaps a quick sketch of the image, sculpture or building. If any special terminology is introduced during my discussion of the artwork, make sure you get both term and definition recorded. Note how the term specifically relates to the artwork: is it the medium in which the piece was made (for example *buon fresco* or engraving)? Is the artwork an example of a specific type of object that the term names (example: Duccio’s *Maestà* is a *polyptych*---an altarpiece containing many panels)? Often the patron or individual who commissioned the artwork will be discussed, as well as its original location and function; this information is important too, as it helps us reconstruct the original context in which the piece was created. We couldn’t possibly understand the Italian Renaissance without knowing the details of the powerful Medici family in Florence, Italy, and the incredible impact of this family upon Renaissance art.

Art historians are not only concerned with the history of a single work of art, but also with tracing the history of style and technology. When I discuss the specific features of a particular style, such as Baroque, Rococo, Impressionism or Expressionism, be sure to record those features in your lecture notes. Note too the characteristics of art movements, in which artworks may look quite different but are concerned with similar subjects, etc. If I speak at length about technical innovations, such as chiaroscuro and linear perspective during the Early Renaissance in Italy, or the Pointillist painting technique of the Post-Impressionist artist, Georges Seurat, get this information in your notes!

Iconography is a particular concern of art historians, who document specific themes, subjects and symbols that we refer to as the content of a work of art. It might surprise you to learn that the artist begins with an idea or concept, and the formal, physical properties of a piece come next. Studying various themes and subjects and charting change in their formal representation through time gives us insight into the subtleties of cultural and individual beliefs. Pay careful attention to our class discussions of symbols and their meaning in specific works of art; I often point out particular symbols that I would like you to know.

Complex questions on exams will test your knowledge of specific works that we discuss in depth during lectures. The more thorough your notes, the better.

If you find the multi-tasking required of you (looking, listening, writing) to be overwhelming, **record the lectures** with your phone or a small digital recording device placed on the podium at the beginning of the lecture.
You must be able to identify each work listed by artist’s name, title of the work, and style period, and answer questions about it based upon lecture content. Learn all terms. Know location if underlined.

ITALIAN LATE MEDIEVAL (1200-1400)

TERM: Hierarchical scale, Classical

2) Cimabue, *Madonna Enthroned with Angels and Prophets*, c. 1280-1290, Tempera and gold leaf on wood
TERM: Byzantine, Cennino Cennini, tempera, bole, punching

3) Giotto di Bondone, *Lamentation*, *Cappella Scrovegni*, Padua, Italy, c. 1305, Fresco
TERM: *buon fresco*, *giornata*, Passion of Christ, Lamentation, Pietà, directional line

4a & 4b) Duccio Di Buoninsegnna, *Virgin and Child Enthroned with Saints, Maestà Altarpiece*
Siena Cathedral, Siena, Italy, 1308-11, Tempera and gold leaf on wood, (Reconstruction and Central panel)
TERM: polyptych; predella

5a & 5b) Ambrogio Lorenzetti, *Peaceful City and Peaceful Country from Effects of Good Government in the City and in the Country, Sala della Pace*, Palazzo Pubblico, Siena, Italy, 1338-1339, fresco

15TH-CENTURY NORTHERN EUROPEAN

6) Claus Sluter, *Well of Moses*, 1395-1406, stone, Chartreuse de Champmol, Dijon, France

7) Robert Campin (Master of Flémalle), *Mérode Altarpiece* (open), *The Annunciation* (center panel), c. 1425-1428, Oil on wood

8) Jan van Eyck, *Ghent Altarpiece* (open), Saint Bavo Cathedral, Ghent, Belgium, completed 1432, Oil on wood

9) Jan van Eyck, *Giovanni Arnolfini and His Bride*, 1434, oil on wood
TERM: Glaze, glazing, Iconography, Panofsky

10) Rogier van der Weyden, *Deposition*, circa 1435, Oil on wood panel

TERM: sacra conversazione

12) Limbourg Brothers, *January, from Les Tres Riches Heures du Duc de Berry*, 1416
TERM: Illuminated manuscript, Book of Hours

13) Limbourg Brothers, *February, from Les Tres Riches Heures du Duc de Berry*, 1416

14) Martin Schongauer, *St. Anthony Tormented by Demons*, circa 1490, Engraving
**EARLY RENAISSANCE: ITALY (1400-1500)**


   TERM: Linear perspective, Classical Antiquity

19) Donatello, *David*, 1440-60, Bronze

20) Masaccio, *Tribute Money*, Brancacci Chapel, Santa Maria del Carmine, Florence, c. 1427, Fresco
   TERM: Chiaroscuro, Atmospheric perspective

21) Masaccio, *Holy Trinity*, Santa Maria Novella, Florence, c. 1428, Fresco

22) Sandro Botticelli, *Birth of Venus*, c. 1482, Tempera on canvas
   TERM: Venus pudica

23) Perugino, *Christ Delivering the Keys of the Kingdom to Saint Peter*, *Sistine Chapel*, Vatican, Rome, 1481-1483, fresco

24) Filippo Brunelleschi, *Dome of Florence Cathedral*, 1420-36 [Exterior and Interior]

   TERMS: rustication, ashlar masonry, string course

**HIGH RENAISSANCE: ITALY (1500-1525)**

26) Leonardo da Vinci, *Last Supper*, 1495-1498, Oil and tempera on plaster

   TERM: Sfumato

28) Raphael, *Philosophy (School of Athens)*, *Stanza della Segnatura, Vatican Palace*, Rome, Italy, 1509-1511, Fresco


30) Michelangelo Buonarroti, *David*, 1501-1504, Marble

31a & b) Michelangelo Buonarroti, *Sistine Chapel Ceiling*, detail of *Creation of Adam*, Vatican City, Rome, 1508-1512, Fresco

33) Michelangelo, Plan for Saint Peter’s, Vatican City, Rome, Italy, 1546, *Late Renaissance*
   TERMS: Old St. Peter’s; Latin Cross Plan; Central Plan
You must be able to identify each work listed by artist’s name, title of the work, and style period, and answer questions about it based upon lecture content. Learn all terms.

**VENETIAN RENAISSANCE: 1500-1575**

1) Giorgione da Castelfranco (and/or Titian), *Pastoral Symphony*, c. 1508-1510, Oil on canvas
   TERM: Fête Champêtre

2) Titian, *Venus of Urbino*, 1538, Oil on canvas

3) Titian, *Meeting of Bacchus and Ariadne*, from the Palazzo Ducale, Ferrara, Italy, 1522-23, Oil on canvas
   TERM: Laocoön

4) Andrea Palladio, Villa Rotonda (formerly Villa Capra), near Vicenza, Italy, c. 1566-1570
   TERMS: Vitruvius, Pantheon

**MANNERISM: 1525-1600**

5) Michelangelo Buonarroti, *Last Judgment*, 1534-1541, Fresco on the altar wall of the Sistine Chapel, Vatican City, Rome, Italy
   TERMS: Reformation; Counter-Reformation; Council of Trent 1545-63

6) Jacopo da Pontormo, *Descent from the Cross*, Capponi Chapel, Sta. Felicita, Florence, Italy, 1525-1528, Oil on wood

7) Parmigianino, *Madonna with the Long Neck*, 1535, Oil on wood

8) Rosso Fiorentino, *Dead Christ with Angels*, 1524-27, Oil on panel

9) Tintoretto, *Last Supper*, 1594, Oil on canvas

**16th-CENTURY NORTHERN EUROPE AND SPAIN**

10) Matthias Grünewald, *Isenheim Altarpiece* (closed), *Crucifixion* (center panel), chapel of the Hospital of Saint Anthony, Isenheim, Germany, c. 1510-1515, Oil on panel

11) Albrecht Dürer, *Knight, Death, and the Devil*, 1513, Engraving

12) Hieronymous Bosch, *Garden of Earthly Delights, Creation of Eve* (left wing), *Garden of Earthly Delights* (center panel), *Hell* (right wing), 1505-1510, Oil on wood

13) Pieter Aertsen, *Butcher’s Stall*, 1551, Oil on wood

14) Pieter Bruegel the Elder, *Hunters in the Snow*, 1565, Oil on wood

15) El Greco, *Burial of Count Orgaz*, Church of Santo Tomé, Toledo, Spain, 1586. O/c
   TERM: Deesis
**BAROQUE ITALY & SPAIN: 1600-1700**

**ITALY:**

16) Carlo Maderno, Plan for Saint Peter’s Basilica, Vatican City, Rome, 1607  
   TERM: Latin Cross plan

17) Saint Peter’s, Vatican City, Rome, Italy, 1506-1666; Façade designed by Carlo Maderno, 1606-12; Piazza designed by Gianlorenzo Bernini, 1656-67

18) Gianlorenzo Bernini, Baldacchino, Saint Peter’s, Vatican City, Rome, Italy, 1624-1633, Gilded bronze, marble

19) Gianlorenzo Bernini, David, 1623, Marble

20) Gianlorenzo Bernini, Apollo and Daphne, 1622-1625, marble

21) Gianlorenzo Bernini, Ecstasy of Saint Teresa, Cornaro Chapel, Santa Maria della Vittoria, Rome, 1645-1652, Marble

22a & b) Bernini, Saint Peter’s Square (Piazza San Pietro), with Colonnade, Vatican City, 1656-67

23) Francesco Borromini, San Carlo alle Quattro Fontane, Rome, Italy, 1665-1676

24) Caravaggio, Conversion of Saint Paul, Cerasi Chapel, Santa Maria del Popolo, Rome, 1601, o/c TERM: Tenebrism

25) Caravaggio, Calling of St. Matthew, c. 1597-1601, Contarelli Chapel, San Luigi dei Francesi, Rome, o/c

26) Artemesia Gentileschi, Judith Slaying Holofernes, c. 1614-1620, Oil on canvas

27) Fra Andrea Pozzo, Glorification of Saint Ignatius, ceiling fresco in the nave of Sant’ Ignazio, Rome, Italy, 1691-1694

**SPAIN:**

28) Francisco de Zurbaran, Saint Serapion, 1628, Oil on canvas

29) Diego Velasquez, Water Carrier of Seville, c. 1619, Oil on canvas  
   TERM: Bodegón

30) Diego Velazquez, Las Meninas, 1656, Oil on canvas
BAROQUE FLANDERS, HOLLAND & FRANCE: 1600-1700

FLANDERS:
31) Peter Paul Rubens, *Elevation of the Cross*, Antwerp Cathedral, Antwerp, 1610, O/p

32) Peter Paul Rubens, *Arrival of Marie de'Medici at Marseilles*, 1622-1625, Oil on canvas

33) Anthony Van Dyck, *Charles I Dismounted*, c. 1635, Oil on canvas

34) Clara Peeters, *Still Life with Flowers, Goblet, Dried Fruit, and Pretzels*, 1611, Oil on panel

HOLLAND:
35) Jan Verspronck, *Portrait of a Woman in an Armchair*, 1642-45, Oil on canvas

36) Rembrandt van Rijn, *The Company of Captain Frans Banning Cocq (Night Watch)*, 1642

37) Rembrandt van Rijn, *The Hundred Guilder Print*, 1647-49

38) Jan Vermeer, *The Letter*, 1666, Oil on canvas
   TERM: Genre scene

39) Jan Vermeer, *The Kitchen Maid*, 1658, Oil on canvas

40) Pieter Claesz, *Vanitas Still Life*, 1630s, Oil on panel
   TERM: *memento mori*

41) Willem Heda, *Still Life*, 1635

42) Jacob van Ruisdael, *View of Haarlem from the Dunes at Overveen*, c. 1670, Oil on canvas

FRANCE:
43) Louis Le Vau and Jules Hardouin Mansart, Garden façade, Palace of Versailles, France, 1669-85

44) Jules Hardouin-Mansart and Charles Le Brun, *Galerie des Glaces (Hall of Mirrors)*, Palace of Versailles

45) Nicolas Poussin, *Burial of Phocion*, 1648, Oil on canvas
PERRY    ART HISTORY 1306    REQUIRED WORKS FOR EXAM 3

You must be able to identify each work listed by artist’s name, title of the work, and style period, and answer questions about it based upon lecture content. Learn all terms.

**ROCCO: 1700-1780**

1) Germain Boffrand, *Salon de la Princesse, Hotel de Soubise*, Paris, France, 1737-1740
TERM: *Salon* (intimate, fashionable and intellectual gathering)

2) Balthasar Neumann, *Interior*, Vierzehnheiligen, Germany, 1743-1772

3) Antoine Watteau, *Pilgrimage to Cythera*, 1717-1719, oil on canvas
TERM: *Fête galante* (amorous festival); *putti* (fat, naked male babies, sometimes winged)

4) Jean-Honoré Fragonard, *The Swing*, 1766, oil on canvas

**“Natural” Art: 18th-century**

5) Jean-Baptiste-Simeon Chardin, * Saying Grace*, 1740, Oil on canvas
TERM: Denis Diderot (18th-century French philosopher, art critic)

6) Jean-Baptiste Greuze, *Village Bride*, 1761, Oil on canvas

7) Elisabeth Vigée-LeBrun, *Self-portrait*, 1790, Oil on canvas

8) Thomas Gainsborough, *Mrs. Richard Brinsley Sheridan*, 1787, Oil on canvas

9) William Hogarth, *Breakfast Scene, from Marriage a la Mode*, c. 1745, oil on canvas

10) Antonio Canaletto, *Riva degli Schiavoni, Venice*, c. 1735-40, Oil on canvas
TERM: Veduta (Plural: vedute): scenic view(s); The Grand Tour

**NEOCLASSICISM: 1780-1815**

11) Jacques-Louis David, *Oath of the Horatii*, 1784, oil on canvas

12) Jacques-Louis David, *The Death of Marat*, 1793, oil on canvas

13) Antonio Canova, *Pauline Borghese as Venus*, 1808, marble

14) Pierre Vignon, *Church of La Madeleine*, Paris, France, 1807-1842
TERM: Maison Carée


16) Thomas Jefferson, Monticello, Charlottesville, Virginia, 1770-84

17) Thomas Jefferson, Rotunda, *Neoclassical Pavilions and Colonnades*, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, 1822-26 and 1973-76
ROMANTICISM: 1780-1860
18) Jean-Auguste-Dominique Ingres, Grande Odalisque, 1814, Oil on canvas
19) Henry Fuseli, The Nightmare, 1781, Oil on canvas
20) Francisco Goya, The Third of May, 1808, 1814, Oil on canvas
21) Eugène Delacroix, Death of Sardanapalus, 1826, Oil on canvas

REALISM: 1848-1860
22) Gustave Courbet, The Stone Breakers, 1849, oil on canvas
23) Jean-François Millet, The Gleaners, 1857, oil on canvas
24) Honoré Daumier, Rue Transnonian, 1834, lithograph
25) Honoré Daumier, Third Class Carriage, 1862, oil on canvas
26) Edouard Manet, Le Déjeuner sur l’Herbe (Luncheon on the Grass), 1863, oil on canvas
27) Henry Ossawa Tanner, The Thankful Poor, 1894, oil on canvas
28) Edmonia Lewis, Forever Free, 1867, marble

Photography and Architecture: 19th-century
29) Louis-Jacques-Mandé Daguerre, Still Life in Studio, 1837, Daguerrotype
30) Joseph Paxton, Crystal Palace, London, detail of a color lithograph by Martinet, c. 1862

IMPRESSIONISM: 1860-1900
31) Claude Monet, Impression: Sunrise, 1872, Oil on canvas
32) Claude Monet, Rouen Cathedral: The Portal (in Sun), 1894, Oil on canvas
   TERM: Au plein air (outdoors, on location)
33) Pierre-Auguste Renoir, Le Moulin de la Galette, 1876. Oil on canvas
34) Edgar Degas, The Tub, 1886, Pastel
**POST-IMPRESSIONISM: 1880-1900**

35) Georges **Seurat**, *A Sunday Afternoon on La Grande Jatte*, 1884-1886, oil on canvas  
TERM: Pointillism

36) Vincent **van Gogh**, *Starry Night*, 1889, oil on canvas

37) Paul **Gauguin**, *The Vision after the Sermon, or Jacob Wrestling with the Angel*, 1888, oil on canvas

38) Paul **Cézanne**, *Mont Sainte-Victoire*, 1902-1904, oil on canvas

39) Henri de **Toulouse-Lautrec**, *Jane Avril*, 1893, Color lithograph  
TERM: Poster art

**ARCHITECTURE: 1880-1900**

40) Alexandre-Gustave **Eiffel**, Eiffel Tower, Paris, cast-iron construction, 1889

41) Louis Henry **Sullivan**, Guaranty Building, Buffalo, steel-frame, terra cotta, 1894-96

**EXPRESSIONISM: 1905-1920**

42) Henri **Matisse**, *Red Room (Harmony in Red)*, Oil on canvas  
TERMS: Les Fauves; Fauvism; Avante-garde; abstract

43) Emil **Nolde**, *Saint Mary of Egypt among Sinners*, Left panel of a triptych, Oil on canvas  
TERMS: German Expressionism; Die Brücke

**CUBISM: 1905-1920**

44) Pablo **Picasso**, *Les Demoiselles d’Avignon*, Oil on canvas

45) Georges **Braque**, *The Portuguese*, Oil on canvas  
TERM: Analytic Cubism

**FUTURISM: 1905-1920**

46) Umberto **Boccioni**, *Unique Forms of Continuity in Space*, Cast Bronze

**DADA: 1915-1940**

47) Marcel **Duchamp**, *Fountain*, (Original version produced 1917), Readymade, Glazed china, Black paint  
TERM: Readymade

**SURREALISM: 1915-1940**

48) Salvador **Dalí**, *The Persistence of Memory*, Oil on canvas  
TERM: André Breton